



Crime Statistics, Malaysia, 2023

CRIME STATISTICS, MALAYSIA, 2022

Assault Crime **10,348 cases**

Robbery ¹	4,589 cases
Causing Injury	3,807 cases
Rape	1,712 cases
Murder	240 cases



Property Crime **40,465 cases**

Other Thefts ²	15,434 cases
Vehicle Theft ³	14,446 cases
House Break-In & Theft	10,585 cases

Note:

¹ Includes gang robbery with firearms, gang robbery without firearms, robbery with firearms, robbery without firearms

² Includes bicycle theft, theft in store, theft in vehicle, theft in the house/ building, public property theft, pick pocket and others theft

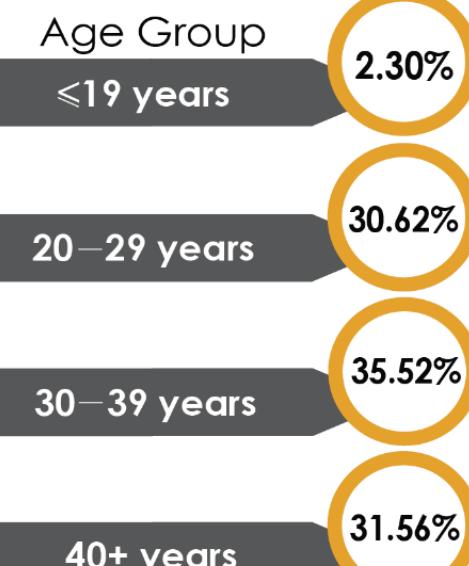
³ Includes lorry/ van theft, motorcar theft and motorcycle/ scooter theft

Source: Royal Malaysia Police

DRUGS



Total Drug Addicts
23,517 persons



Source: National Anti-Drugs Agency Malaysia

CORRUPTION



Source: Malaysia Anti-Corruption Commission

COMMERCIAL CRIME



Total Commercial Crime
30,536 cases

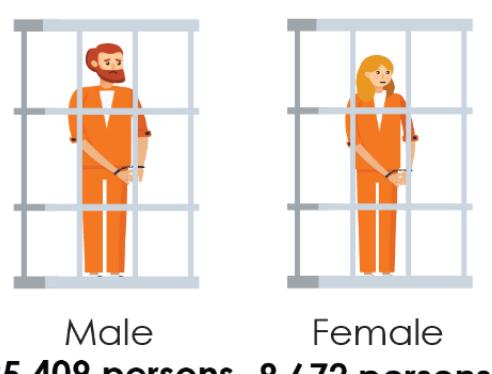
Top Five Cases

- 1 Fraud **27,247 cases**
- 2 Breach of Trust **911 cases**
- 3 Money Lender **832 cases**
- 4 Counterfeit Money **776 cases**
- 5 Cyber Crime **577 cases**

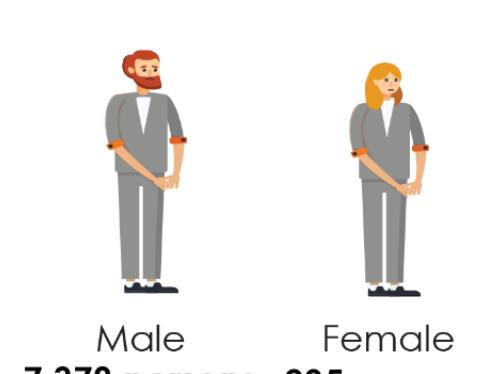
Source: Royal Malaysia Police

CORRECTIONAL FACILITY

Number of Convicted Prisoners Admission



Number of Parolees



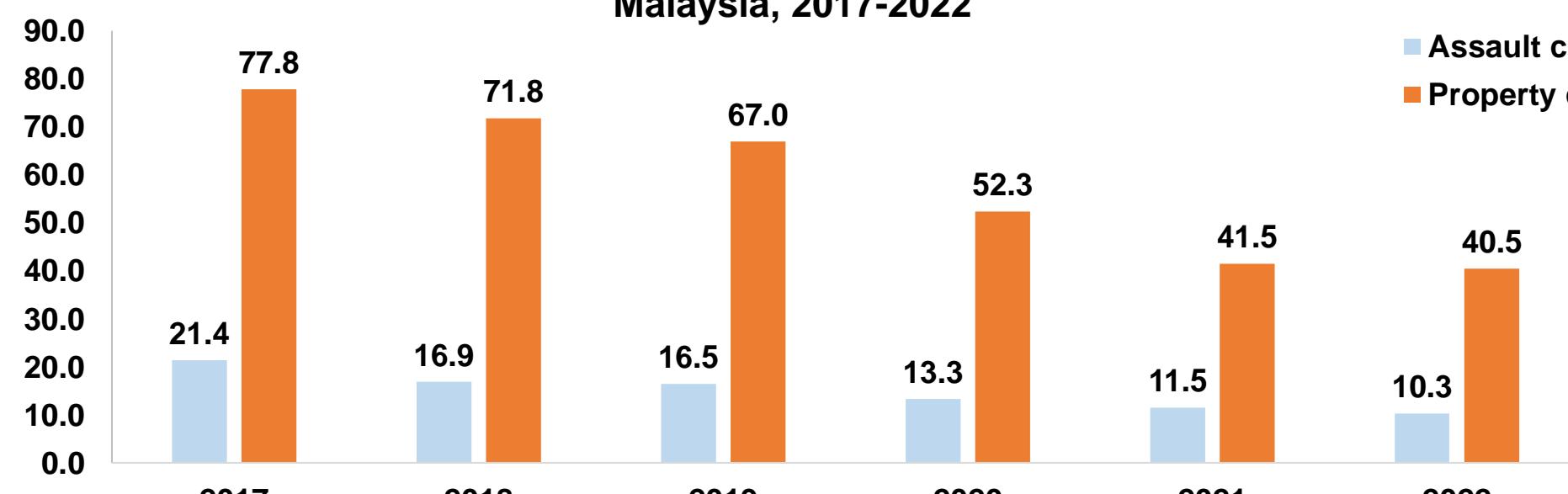
Source: Malaysian Prison Department

Source: Crime Statistics, Malaysia, 2023, Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM)

Time Series Data

Number of cases ('000)

Number of assault and property crime cases, Malaysia, 2017-2022



- Assault crime
- Property crime



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Crime index and commercial crime decreased by 4.1 per cent and 3.0 per cent respectively in 2022. Meanwhile, cyber crime increased by 44.3 per cent during the same period

- The **crime index** includes assault and property crimes. The crime index in 2022 recorded a decrease of 4.1 per cent to 50,813 cases from 52,974 (2021). Both crimes showed a decrease of 10.0 per cent and 2.4 per cent, respectively to 10,348 cases and 40,465 cases in 2022.
- The number of **commercial crime** cases reported by the Royal Malaysia Police in 2022 recorded a decrease of 3.0 per cent to 30,536 cases from 31,490 cases (2021). All type of offenses recorded a decrease except offenses related to counterfeit money and cyber crime which increased by 280.4 per cent and 44.3 per cent, respectively in 2022. Fraud offenses recorded the highest number of 27,247 cases (89.2%) followed by criminal breach of trust (911 cases; 3.0%) and offenses under the Money Lenders Act 1951 (832 cases; 2.7%).
- The number of cases related to **drugs** which include supply of drugs, drug possession and positive urine test showed an increase of 30.6 per cent to 141,289 cases in 2022. Supply offenses increased by 18.0 per cent, possession of drugs increased by 35.1 per cent and positive urine tests increased by 31.2 per cent as compared to 2021. The number of arrests related to drugs increased 26.3 per cent to 163,697 arrests in 2022 as reported by the Royal Malaysia Police.
- As for cases related to **corruption**, the number of arrests made by the Malaysian Anti-Corruption Commission (MACC) increased by 6.8 per cent in 2022 with 909 arrests as compared to 851 arrests (2021). The number of arrests for false claim offences in 2022 increased by 66.9 per cent. Meanwhile, arrests for giving bribery, accepting bribery and misuse of position recorded a decrease during the same period.
- In terms of **environment compliance** aspect, the number of summonses issued for black smoke emissions by the Department of Environment (DOE) in 2022 recorded an increase of 119.1 per cent to 631 summonses from 288 summonses (2021). Summonses issued to buses and cars/ vans showed a decrease of 12.5 per cent and 5.6 per cent, respectively. The highest summonses issued were for lorries (550 summonses) followed by light trucks (50 summonses), cars/ vans (17 summonses) and buses (14 summonses).
- In terms of **correctional facility**, the number of parolees recorded by the Malaysian Prison Department in 2022 recorded an increase of 5.5 per cent to 7,613 persons as compared to 7,218 persons (2021). Of that amount, 96.9 per cent are males while 3.1 per cent were females.